Basic Chemistry-1

By:Aarzoo Walia +919779077730

1.	Fil	l in t	he b	lan	ks:

ι.	Elements combine in proportion to form a compound. (fixed/variable)
2.	The properties of a compound are those of its constituent elements. (different from/similar to)
	When kindled, water burn in oxygen, but hydrogen (does/does not)
ı.	The atoms of an element are all (alike/different)
5.	The atoms of an element all the properties of the element. (show/do not show)
5.	Atoms combine in numbers as they are (whole/fractional/divisible/indivisible)
7.	The numbers of atoms of different kinds present in a molecule of is indicated by its formula. (an element/a compound)
3.	Complete the following table.

Formula of the compound	Elements present in the compound	
SiO ₂	Silicon and oxygen	
CaO	and	
PbO	and	
PbS	and	
CuS	and	
FeS	and	

Match the columns.

1. Match the elements with their properties.

Element	Property		
(a) Iodine	(i) A lustrous nonmetal that allows electric current to pass through it		
(b) Mercury	(ii) A nonmetal that is in the liquid state under ordinary conditions		
(c) Graphite	(iii) An element that can be beaten into sheets and drawn into wires		
(d) Bromine	(iv) A metal that is in the liquid state under ordinary conditions		
(e) Iron	(v) A lustrous nonmetal that does not allow electric current to pass through it		

2. Match the compounds with their formulae.

Formula	
(a) MgO	
(b) FeO	
(c) CuO	
(d) ZnS	
(e) H_2O	
(f) CO ₂	
(g) CaS	
(h) NaCl	